BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COUNTY OF GILLESPIE, TEXAS

Fredericksburg, Texas

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>t</u>	<u>Page</u>
	Independent Auditors' Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government Wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	9
B-1	Statement of Activities	10
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	12
C-2	Reconciliation for C-1	14
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	15
C-4	Reconciliation for C-3	17
	Fiduciary Funds:	
E-1	Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds	18
E-2	Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds	19
	Notes to the Financial Statements	20
	Required Supplementary Information	
G-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	43
G-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Road and Bridge Fund	44
G-3	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	45
G-4	Schedule of Employer Contributions	46
G-5	Notes to Schedules of Contributions	47
	Supplementary Information	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	48
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	52
H-3	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets & Liabilities - Agency Funds	56
H-4	Combining Statement of Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds	58
H-5	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds	60

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Judge and County Commissioners Gillespie County, Texas Fredericksburg, TX 78624

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gillespie County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gillespie County, Texas, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (Pages 3 through 8), budgetary comparison information (pages 43 and 44), the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions and notes to the schedule of contributions (pages 45 through 47) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Gillespie County's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor and fiduciary fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor and fiduciary fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2019, on our consideration of Gillespie County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Gillespie County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C. Fredericksburg, Texas

February 28, 2019

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

As management of Gillespie County, Texas, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the County for the year ended September 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and County's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$33,703,534 (Net Position). Of this amount, \$14,192,160 (unrestricted Net Position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizen's and creditors.
- The County's Net Position increased by \$3,336,940 as a result of this year's operations.
- At September 30, 2018, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,436,079, an increase of \$1,645,508 in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2018, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$13,617,877 or 86 percent of total general fund expenditures.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 and 10). These provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (on pages 12 & 15) report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 20) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules (General and Road & Bridge Funds) are presented as required supplementary information on pages 43 and 44.

Reporting the County as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 9. Its primary purpose is to show whether the County is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the County's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the County's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. All the County's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the County's Net Position and changes in them. The County's Net Position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provides one measure of the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's Net Position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the County, however, you should consider other factors as well, such as changes in the County's customers or its property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County reports one kind of activity:

Governmental activity - Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including the general administration, public safety, roads and bridges, judicial system, health and sanitation services, public facilities, libraries and education, and agricultural services. Property taxes, user charges, sales tax and governmental grants and contributions finance most of these activities.

Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements on pages 12 & 15 provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the County as a whole.

Governmental funds - All of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in Note I to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position of the County's governmental activities increased from \$30,366,592 to \$33,703,534. Unrestricted Net Position - the part of Net Position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements was \$14,192,160 at September 30, 2018. This increase in governmental Net Position was the result of five factors. First, the County's revenues exceeded the expenditures by \$1,645,508. Second, the County acquired capital assets in the amount of \$2,385,769. Third, the County retired principal on long-term debt of \$1,029,043. Fourth, the County recorded depreciation in the amounts of \$1,207,381. Fifth, the County issued capital lease proceeds in the amount of \$817,515.

Table I Gillespie County, Texas

NET POSITION in thousands

		Governmental Activities		
	_	2018		2017
Current and Other Assets	\$	22,239	\$	20,247
Capital Assets	-	27,183		26,004
Total Assets	\$	49,422	\$_	46,251
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension	\$	1,098	\$	2,412
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	14,980	\$	16,954
Other Liabilities		1,269		973
Total Liabilities	\$_	16,249	\$_	17,927
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension	\$	568	\$_	370
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	15,678	\$	11,426
Restricted		3,833		3,931
Unrestricted		14,192		15,009
Total Net Position	\$	33,703	\$	30,366

Table II Gillespie County, Texas

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

in thousands

Gove	rnme	ntal
------	------	------

		Activities		
		2018	_	2017
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	2,943	\$	2,814
Operating Grants and Contributions		408		503
Capital Grants and Contributions		284		946
Property Taxes		15,447		14,858
Sales Tax		2,616		2,384
Other Taxes		748		707
Penalty and Interest		135		121
Miscellaneous Revenue		670		526
Investment Earnings		368		162
Total Revenue	\$	23,619	\$	23,021
Expenses:				
Judicial	\$	1,638	\$	1,770
General Government		6,347		5,989
Public Safety		6,936		6,182
Road and Bridge		2,915		2,406
Health and Sanitation		221		229
Public Facilities		1,104		832
Libraries and Education		329		340
Agricultural Services		371		362
Debt Interest		420		436
Debt Fees		1		1
Total Expenses	\$	20,282	\$_	18,547
Increase in Net Position	\$	3,337	\$	4,474
Net Position - Beginning		30,366		25,892
Prior Period Adjustment				-
Net Position - Ending	\$_	33,703	\$	30,366

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$20,282,882. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$15,447,736 because the other costs were paid by sales tax (\$2,615,705), capital and operating grants and contributions (\$691,664), user charges (\$2,942,783), other taxes (\$748,144), penalties and interest on taxes (\$135,445), investment earnings (\$368,214), and other miscellaneous (\$670,131).

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$20,436,079, which is more than last year's total of \$18,790,571. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$1,066,953 in the County's General Fund, an increase of \$289,149 in the County's Road and Bridge Fund, and an increase of \$36,969 in the County's Debt Service Funds. The primary reasons for the General Fund's increase mirror the governmental activities analysis highlighted on page 5.

The Commissioner's Court adopted the General Fund Budget and the Road and Bridge Budget. For both funds, actual revenues were more than the budgeted amounts, while actual expenditures were less than budgeted amounts. This resulted in a positive variance with final budget of \$4,523,821 for the General Fund and a positive variance with final budget of \$1,082,021 for the Road and Bridge Fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At September 30, 2018, the County had the following amounts invested in capital assets, net of depreciation:

CAPITAL ASSETS in thousands

		2018	2017
Land and Easements	\$	2,735	\$ 2,060
Construction in Progress		302	1,899
Buildings & Improvements		20,224	20,224
Machinery & Equipment		10,908	9,827
Other Improvements		4,507	2,608
Total Capital Assets	\$	38,676	\$ 36,618
Less Accumulated Depreciation		11,493	 10,614
Capital Assets, Net	\$	27,183	\$ 26,004

This year's major additions included:

Land	\$	674,433
Vehicles & Equipment		1,409,180
Airport Improvements	_	302,156
TOTALS	\$_	2,385,769

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 3.E. to the financial statements.

At September 30, 2018, the County had the following outstanding debt:

OUTSTANDING DEBT in thousands

	_	2018	2017
General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Series 2010	\$	510 \$	670
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2013		11,530	12,095
Net Pension Liability		239	1956
Capital Leases		1,592	1,078
Premium on GO Bonds - Series 2013		799	854
Compensated Absences		310	301
Total Outstanding Debt	\$_	14,980 \$	16,954

For governmental activities, the County had \$14,980,136 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding, a decrease of 12 percent. The County retired \$1,029,043 in principle on the outstanding long-term debt. The annual amortization for the bond premium was \$54,659 in fiscal year 2017-2018. The net decrease in compensated absences was \$9,326. The net decrease in net pension liability was \$1,716,587.

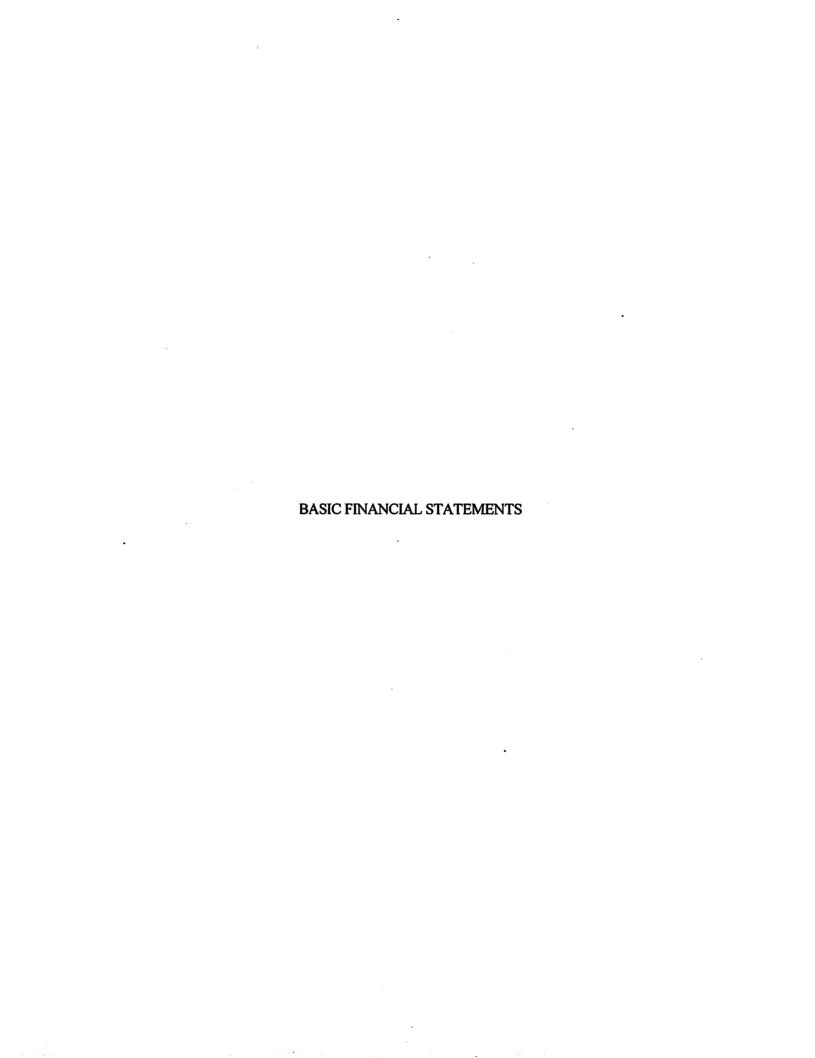
More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3.G. to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2019 budget and tax rates. The major factors are the economy, population growth, and assessed property valuation. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2019. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$18,519,315 and expenditures are estimated to be \$20,722,476. If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General fund balance is expected to decrease \$2,203,161 by the close of 2019. Amounts available for appropriation in the Road and Bridge Fund budget are \$3,335,273 and expenditures are estimated to be \$4,588,237. If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary Road and Bridge fund balance is expected to decrease \$1,252,964 by the close of 2019.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor or Commissioners' Court, at Gillespie County, Texas, Fredericksburg, Texas.



GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 21,112,881
Accounts Receivable (Net)	1,076,265
Due from Other Governments	39,585
Inventories	10,525
Capital Assets:	
Land	2,734,768
Infrastructure, Net	3,998,886
Buildings, Net	16,588,753
Improvements other than Buildings, Net	95,078
Furniture and Equipment, Net	3,463,025
Construction in Progress	302,156
Total Assets	49,421,922
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan	1,098,068
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,098,068
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	678,204
Wages and Salaries Payable	488,541
Intergovernmental Payable	7,702
Accrued Interest Payable	58,612
Unearned Revenues	35,056
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Debt Due Within One Year	1,036,554
Bonds Payable - Noncurrent	13,704,321
Net Pension Liability	239,262
Total Liabilities	16,248,252
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	568,204
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	568,204
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	15,678,185
Restricted for:	10,0.0,100
Restricted for Special Revenue Funds	3,720,524
Restricted for Debt Service	112,665
Unrestricted Net Position	14,192,160
Total Net Position	\$ 33,703,534
1 Own 1 TOU I OBTHION	\$ 33,103,334

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		_			Revenu	ies	
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:					_		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
Judicial	\$	1,638,276	\$	458,977	\$	50,135	
General Administration	•	6,347,318		701,939		60,029	
Public Safety		6,935,652		72,102		212,543	
Road and Bridge		2,915,255		989,354		26,632	
Health and Sanitation		220,858		720,411		15,278	
Public Facilities		1,104,221		-		42,891	
Libraries and Education		328,758		-		-	
Agriculture Services		371,275		-		-	
Interest on Debt		420,119		-		-	
Fiscal Agent's Fees		1,150		-		-	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	20,282,882	\$	2,942,783	\$	407,508	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Miscellaneous Revenue Investment Earnings

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position-- Beginning

Net Position--Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Capital	Pri	mary Government	
	ants and	Governmental		
Con	tributions			
\$	-	\$	(1,129,164)	
	-		(5,585,350)	
	-		(6,651,007)	
	-		(1,899,269)	
	-		514,831	
	284,156		(777,174)	
	-		(328,758)	
	-		(371,275)	
	-		(420,119)	
		_	(1,150)	
\$	284,156		(16,648,435)	
		_	14,221,111 1,226,625 2,615,705 748,144 135,445 670,131 368,214 19,985,375 3,336,940 30,366,594	
		<u> </u>	33,703,534	
		=		

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Road and General Bridge			E	Debt Service
		Fund		Fund		Fund
ASSETS	-					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,030,377	\$	2,489,912	\$	111,636
Taxes Receivable		321,412		56,720		32,667
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		(6,428)		(1,134)		(653)
Accounts Receivable (Net)		390,791		63,344		1,029
Due from Other Governments		39,585		-		-
Due from Other Funds		2,255		-		-
Inventories		8,375		2,150		-
Total Assets	\$	14,786,367	\$	2,610,992	\$	144,679
LIABILITIES			. —	,		
Accounts Payable	\$	365,038	\$	254,017	\$	•
Wages and Salaries Payable		454,431		30,489		-
Intergovernmental Payable		7,702		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-		2,245		•
Unearned Revenues		26,335		-		-
Total Liabilities		853,506		286,751		•
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		314,984		55,586		32,014
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	314,984		55,586		32,014
FUND BALANCES					-	
Capital Acquisition & Contractural Obligation		-		-		-
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-		112,665
Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		2,268,655		-
Unassigned Fund Balance		13,617,877		-		-
Total Fund Balances		13,617,877	_	2,268,655		112,665
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	14,786,367	\$	2,610,992	\$	144,679

	Capital Projects		Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	3,000,267	\$	1,480,689	\$	21,112,881
	-		-		410,799
	-		-		(8,215)
	-		27,427		482,591
	-		-		39,585
	-		-		2,255
			-		10,525
\$	3,000,267	\$	1,508,116	\$	22,050,421
\$	15,254	\$	43,895	\$	678,204
•	-	•	3,621	•	488,541
	-		· <u>-</u>		7,702
	-		10		2,255
	-		8,721		35,056
	15,254		56,247		1,211,758
	_		-		402,584
				_	
_					402,584
	2,985,013		-		2,985,013
	-		1 451 060		112,665
	-		1,451,869		3,720,524
	-	_			13,617,877
	2,985,013	_	1,451,869	_	20,436,079
\$	3,000,267	\$	1,508,116	\$	22,050,421

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 20,436,079
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	11,307,209
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2018 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	3,469,471
The items reported as a result of GASB 68 implementation for the TCDRS plan included a net pension liability of \$239,262, a Deferred Resource Inflow of \$568,204 and a Deferred Resource Outflow of \$1,098,068. The net effect of these was to increase the ending net position by \$807,466.	290,602
The 2018 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(1,207,381)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of capital leases as an increase in capital leases payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	(592,446)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 33,703,534

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

REVENUES: Taxes: Property Taxes General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	\$ 12,071,225 2,615,705 190,077 106,194 59,162	-	\$ 1,224,914
Property Taxes General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	2,615,705 190,077 106,194	-	\$ 1 22 <u>4</u> 914
Property Taxes General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	2,615,705 190,077 106,194	-	\$ 1,224,914
General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	2,615,705 190,077 106,194	-	
Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	190,077 106,194		- 1,227,717
Penalty and Interest on Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	106,194		
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	•		10,512
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	37,102	•	10,512
Charges for Services Fines	333,331	-	
Fines	1,690,917	_	_
	88,828		_
Forfeits	00,020	207,020	_
Investment Earnings	259,712	53,534	4,433
Rents and Royalties	89,934	-	4,455
Other Revenue	220,153	12,358	_
Total Revenues	17,725,238		1,239,859
	17,723,238	3,144,390	1,239,839
EXPENDITURES: Current:			
General Government:			
Judicial	1,546,202		
General Administration	5,642,379	-	•
Public Safety		-	-
Road and Bridge	7,047,652	2 760 400	•
Health and Sanitation	212 102	3,760,400	-
Public Facilities	212,103	•	•
	800,310	•	-
Libraries and Education	315,633	•	-
Agriculture Services Debt Service:	352,950	-	•
			50 5 000
Principal on Debt	-	•	725,000
Interest on Debt	•	-	476,740
Fiscal Agent's Fees	•	•	1,150
Capital Outlay:			
Capital Outlay			
Total Expenditures	15,917,229	3,760,400	1,202,890
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,808,009	(616,004)	36,969
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Sale of Real and Personal Property	1,128	87,638	-
Proceeds from Capital Leases	•	817,515	-
Transfers In	6,000		_
Other Resources	17,910	-	-
Transfers Out (Use)	(2,900,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,874,962)	905,153	•
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,066,953)	289,149	36,969
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	14,684,830	1,979,506	75,696
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 13,617,877	\$ 2,268,655	\$ 112,665

Capital Projects	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$	- \$ 15,426,348
-	557,412	- 2,615,705 2 748,144
-	337,412	- 135,445
-		- 780,437
284,156	74,179	
•	156,29	
-	1,998	
•	16,686	
36,618	13,917	
-	185,563	
220 774	1,032,67	-
320,774	1,032,07	23,462,938
_	19,16	1,565,363
-	590,744	
-	26,376	
-	26,633	
-	•	- 212,103
307,205	883,438	
-		- 315,633 - 352,950
_	•	332,930
-		725,000
-	•	476,740
•	•	- 1,150
7,545		7,545
314,750	1,546,352	22,741,621
6,024	(513,681)	721,317
_		- 88,766
-		817,515
2,800,000	100,000	
•	•	17,910
	(6,000)	
2,800,000	94,000	924,191
2,806,024	(419,681)	1,645,508
178,989	1,871,550	18,790,571
\$ 2,985,013	\$ 1,451,869	\$ 20,436,079

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,645,508
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2018 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.	3,469,471
The entries required by GASB 68 did require that some expenses on B-1 be adjusted. Total credits to expenses were \$1,473,573 and total debits to expenses were \$1,269,559. The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is an increase of \$204,014.	204,014
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(1,207,381)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of capital leases, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position.	(774,672)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,336,940

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 318,100	\$ 1,495,720
Accounts Receivable (Net)	1,386	53,552
Total Assets	319,486	\$ 1,549,272
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	9,856	\$
Intergovernmental Payable	-	659,57
Due to Others	-	889,70
Total Liabilities	9,856	\$ 1,549,272
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Net Position	309,630	
Total Net Position	\$ 309,630	

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
ADDITIONS:				
Charges for Services	\$ 9,422			
Investment Earnings	4,828			
Total Additions	14,250			
DEDUCTIONS:				
Other Operating Costs	12,972			
Books	5,440			
Total Deductions	18,412			
Change in Net Position	(4,162)			
Total Net Position -October 1 (Beginning)	313,792			
Total Net Position September 30 (Ending)	\$ 309,630			

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Gillespie County have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

1.A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County has developed criteria to determine if the activities of any outside agencies or organizations should be included within its financial statements. The criteria includes the amount of oversight responsibility exercised by the County over the activities of an agency or organization, the scope of public service of an agency or organization, and the nature of any special financing relationships which may exist between the County and an agency or organization. Oversight responsibility includes financial interdependency, selection of the governing authority, designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. The County's financial statements include all funds over which the County exercises oversight responsibility. Also, the County is not included as a part of any other reporting entity.

1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of Net Position and the statement of activities. Government-wide Financial Statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria.

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditure/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund, the main operating fund of the County, is always classified as a major fund. It is the primary fund of the County and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure of principal and interest on general long-term debt of the County. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the County's debt.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency funds account for assets held by the County in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes five agency funds. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities) they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor. The major funds are as follows:

Major Fund	Brief Description

General Fund See above for description.

Special Revenue Fund: Accounts for all road and bridge construction

Road and Bridge and maintenance activity.

Debt Service Fund: Accounts for the collection of taxes to pay principal and

interest on bonds.

Nonmajor funds consist of special revenue funds and capital projects funds and are detailed in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements - Nonmajor Funds.

1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expense, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statement, governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectable within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Also under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Cash and Cash Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "Cash and Cash Equivalents" includes demand deposit accounts, certificates of deposit and government investment pools. All amounts are considered available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents."

Several funds may be invested in an investment account and each fund has an equity interest therein. Interest earned on the Investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

Ad valorem property taxes attach as enforceable liens as of January 1. Taxes are levied prior to September 30, payable on October 1, and are delinquent on February 1. The majority of the County's property tax collections occur during December and early January each year. To the extent that County property tax revenue results in current receivables as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), they are recognized when levied.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories in the General Fund consist of fuel and postage held for consumption. Inventories in the Special Revenue Fund consist of sign machine supplies. The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50
Vehicles	3 - 10
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	5 - 50

Compensated Absences

Vacation pay and sick leave benefits are accrued by County employees according to guidelines set out in the County's personnel policy. The policy allows employees to accumulate vacation, sick leave and overtime within certain limitations. Employees accrue 10 to 18 days of vacation each year (depending upon their length of service) and are allowed to accumulate unused vacation for two years. Unused vacation is paid upon termination or retirement. The County's policy allows for accumulation of up to 480 hours of sick leave, but does not provide for payment of any unused sick leave. Also, in accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act, as it applies to local governments, non-exempt County employees have been granted compensatory time for hours worked beyond their regular working hours since October 1, 1987. Accumulated compensatory time is also paid upon termination of employment. The estimated cost of unused vacation and compensatory time is recorded in the accompanying financial statements in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Statements

Beginning with fiscal year end September 30, 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are in non-spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. County Commissioners). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the County Commissioners or by an official or body to which the County Commissioners delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The County Commissioners establish (and modify or rescind) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the County Commissioners through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or other purposes).

The County's fund balance policy indicates that the County will typically use restricted, committed, and/or assigned fund balances, in that order, prior to using unassigned resources, but the County reserves the right to deviate from this general strategy.

Net Position

Net Position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net Position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net Position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, as well as GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Under GASB 63 amounts previously reported as deferred charges as a part of total assets have been reported in a separate section as deferred outflows of resources and amounts previously reported as a part of total liabilities have been reported in a separate section as deferred inflows of resources.

1.E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - by Character: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets, as required by state statute, are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

For each budgeted fund, budgetary control is maintained at the expenditure line item level. This is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriated amounts. The County Auditor is required to monitor the expenditures of the various funds and may make departmental budget transfers within each fund as needed. Any expenditures in excess of the total budgeted amount of a fund must be approved by the Commissioners' Court and the budget appropriately amended. It is the amended budget that is presented in the budget versus actual financial statement disclosure.

Encumbrance accounting, under which funds are reserved for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments, is not utilized by Gillespie County.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

3.A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$11,568,672 and the bank balance was \$11,915,134. The County's cash deposits held at Security State Bank & Trust at September 30, 2018 and during the year ended September 30, 2018 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's temporary investments consisted of certificates of deposit and local government investment pools at September 30, 2018 and are shown below:

Name	Carrying me Amount		Market Value			FDIC Coverage	_	Pledged Securities	
Certificates of Deposit -									
Texas Regional Bank	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,400,000	\$	250,000	\$	2,341,246	
Security State Bank & Trust		1,600,000		1,600,000		250,000		23,848,270	
Multi-Bank Securities, Inc		500,000		496,310		500,000			
Financial Northeastern		1,000,000		999,498		1,000,000			
Liquid Asset Portfolio -									
TexPool		3,070,085		3,070,085		*		*	
TexasClass		1,669,114		1,669,114		•		*	
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	10,239,199	s _	10,235,007	-	2,000,000	•	26,189,516	

* TexPool and TexasClass are Local Government Investment Pools established in conformity with the Inter-local Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. TexPool and TexasClass are 2(a)7 like funds, meaning that they are structured similar to money market mutual funds. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are adjusted daily and the funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00, although this cannot be guaranteed. TexPool and TexasClass are rated AAAm and must maintain a weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days.

At September 30, 2018, TexPool had a weighted average maturity of 28 days and TexasClass had a weighted average maturity of 55 days. The County considers the holdings in these funds to have a one day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, short of a significant change in value. The State Comptroller oversees TexPool and TexasClass, with a third party managing the daily operations of the pool under contract.

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the **Public Funds Investment Act**, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investments (certificates of deposit) were secured by FDIC insurance and pledged securities.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At September 30, 2018, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk or foreign currency risk.

3.B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General	•	Road and Bridge	-	Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds	-	TOTAL
Receivables:										
Property Taxes	\$	321,412	\$	56,720	\$	32,667	\$	-	\$	410,799
Other		390,791		63,344		1,028		27,427		482,590
Intergovernmental	-	39,585		<u>:</u>	_			<u> </u>	_	39,585
Gross Receivables	\$	751,788	\$	120,064	\$	33,695	\$	27,427	\$	932,974
Less: Allowance for										
Uncollectibles	_	6,428		1,134	_	653		-	-	8,215
Net Total Receivables	\$_	745,360	\$.	118,930	\$_	33,042	\$.	27,427	\$_	924,759

Governmental funds report *Deferred Inflows of Resources* - Unavailable Revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report *Unearned Revenue* or defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, *Unavailable and Unearned Revenues* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

General Fund -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	314,984
Unearned Revenue		26,335
Special Revenue Road and Bridge Fund -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		55,586
Other Governmental Funds -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		32,014
Unearned Revenue	_	8,721
TOTAL UNAVAILABLE AND UNEARNED REVENUES	\$	437,640

3.C. COURT FINES AND FEES RECEIVABLE

With the implementation of GASB Statement Number 34, the County has determined the amount of court fines and fees receivable to be \$636,965 which represents amounts owed and outstanding for the last 10 years. Based on historical collection rates for the various courts, the County has estimated an allowance for uncollectible court fines and fees of \$445,876, resulting in a net receivable of \$191,089.

3.D. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1, of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. For the 2017 tax roll, the total assessed valuation was \$4,167,733,682 and the taxes assessed amounted to \$16,158,177. The total tax rate was \$0.3999 per \$100 valuation and allocated \$0.3681 to maintenance and operations and \$0.0318 to interest and sinking funds. The maximum tax levy allowed by State law for the above purposes is \$0.80 per \$100 valuation.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Due to the immaterial amount of additional property taxes receivable after the 60-day period, no additional accrual is made in the government-wide financial statements.

3.E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Primary Government

	_	Balance 10/01/17	_	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Balance 09/30/18
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,475,265	\$	674,433	\$		\$	2,149,698
Easements		585,070						585,070
Construction In Progress		1,899,441		302,156		1,899,441		302,156
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$	3,959,776	\$	976,589	\$_	1,899,441	\$_	3,036,924
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		20,043,692						20,043,692
Building Improvements		180,270						180,270
Machinery and Equipment		9,827,175		1,409,180		328,676		10,907,679
Other Improvements		2,608,077		1,899,441				4,507,518
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	_	32,659,214	-	3,308,621	-	328,676	_	35,639,159
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings		3,053,026		401,913				3,454,939
Building Improvements		72,933		12,259				85,192
Machinery and Equipment		7,051,941		721,389		328,676		7,444,654
Other Improvements		436,812		71,820				508,632
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	10,614,712		1,207,381	_	328,676	_	11,493,417
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	_	22,044,502	-	2,101,240	_	-	_	24,145,742
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	26,004,278	\$	3,077,829	\$_	1,899,441	\$	27,182,666

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	346,305
Public Safety		397,694
Judicial		88,532
Road and Bridge		212,903
Health and Sanitation		11,924
Public Facilities		111,929
Libraries and Education		18,251
Agricultural Services	_	19,843
Total Depreciation Expense -		_
Governmental Activities	\$	1,207,381

3.F. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Due to/from other funds

		Due To		Due From
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,255
Road & Bridge Fund		2,245		-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	10		-
TOTAL	\$_	2,255	\$	2,255

3.G. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the County for the year ended September 30, 2018.

		Balance					Balance		Due Within
	_	10/01/17		Issued	_	Retired	09/30/18	_	One Year
General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Series 2010	\$	670,000	\$		\$	160,000	\$ 510,000	\$	165,000
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2013		12,095,000				565,000	11,530,000		580,000
Premium on General Obligation Bonds Series 2013		854,040				54,659	799,381		-
Capital Leases	_	1,078,029	_	817,515		304,043	1,591,501	_	291,554
Subtotal	\$	14,697,069	\$	817,515	\$	1,083,702	\$ 14,430,882	\$	1,036,554
Net Pension Liability		1,955,849		839,185		2,555,772	239,262		
Compensated Absences	-	300,666	-	233,118		223,792	309,992		
TOTAL	\$_	16,953,584	\$_	1,889,818	\$	3,863,266	\$ 14,980,136	\$	1,036,554

Certificates of Obligation	_	Balance at 9/30/18	_	Oue Within One Year
General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Series 2010				
Original issue amount \$1,590,000, interest rates of 0.80% to 3.40%,				
With final maturity date February 15, 2021		510,000		165,000
General Obligation Bonds – Series 2013				
Original issue amount \$14,110,000, interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0%,				
With final maturity date February 15, 2033		11,530,000	_	580,000
TOTAL CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION	\$	12,040,000	\$	745,000

Long Term Debt Advance Refunding

On December 16, 2010 the County issued \$1,590,000 of refunding bonds (Gillespie County, Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2010) to finance the remaining callable obligations from the County's Series 2001 Certificates of Obligation. The bonds were called and were redeemed by depositing \$1,151,254 into an escrow account on December 16, 2010. The following obligations are considered to be defeased and the liability removed from the accompanying financial statements:

Description		Refunded Amount	_	Balance 9/30/2018		
Gillespie County Certificates of Obligation - Series 2001	\$_	1,515,000	\$_	535,000		
Total Amount Refunded	\$	1,515,000	\$	535,000		

General Obligation Bonds

On May 15, 2013, the County issued \$14,110,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013 for the construction and equipping of a new County Jail. The bonds mature on February 15 in each of the years 2014 through 2033, bearing interest at rates from 2.0% to 4.0%.

Debt service requirements for the General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2010 and the General Obligation Bonds - Series 2013 are as follows:

Year Ending			Annual
September 30,	 Principal	Interest	Requirements
2019	\$ 745,000	\$ 457,715	\$ 1,202,715
2020	765,000	434,895	1,199,895
2021	795,000	406,325	1,201,325
2022	645,000	376,500	1,021,500
2023	670,000	350,200	1,020,200
2024-2028	3,790,000	1,317,200	5,107,200
2029-2033	4,630,000	477,400	5,107,400
TOTAL	\$ 12,040,000	\$ 3,820,235	\$ 15,860,235

Capital Leases

On October 29, 2013 Gillespie County executed a \$284,122 Capital Lease obligation with Government Capital – Southside Bank for the purchase of a Model RJ350 Broce Broom, a Ford Dump Truck, a PUP Trailer, a STCC Cross Conveyor, and three Ford F350 Pickup Trucks. The finance contract is dated September 23, 2013 and is due in sixty monthly installments of \$5,221.04 until 11/15/2018, with an interest rate of 3.849%.

In October 2014, the County executed a \$576,301 Capital Lease obligation with Government Capital – Extraco Bank for the purchase of two LCRA radio sites and mobile radios. The finance contract is due in 120 monthly installments of \$5,714 until 10/28/2024, with an interest rate of 3.548%.

In April 2017, Gillespie County executed a \$602,250 Capital Lease obligation with Government Capital Corporation- Southside Bank for the purchase of a John Deere 770D Motor Grader, a Bush Hog Rotary Cutter, a Chipspreader, a Kalyn Siebert Trailer, a 2008 Peterbilt Truck, a 2007 3500 Chevrolet Silverado, a 2015 Ford F750, a STCC Cross Conveyor, and two 2002 International Water Trucks. The finance contract is dated April 10, 2017 and is due in sixty monthly installments of \$11,084.19 until 6/28/2022, with an interest rate of 3.761%.

In October 2017, Gillespie County executed a \$817,515 Capital Lease obligation with Government Capital Corporation- Southside Bank for the purchase of three 2018 Peterbilt 337 Dump Truck, a 2017 John Deere 310L Backhoe, a Noram 65E Motorgrader, and a 2017 Distributor Truck. The finance contract is dated October 9, 2017 and is due in eighty-four monthly installments of \$11,102.96 until 12/15/2024, with an interest rate of 3.724%.

A summary of the future minimum lease payments under the lease along with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018 follows:

Year Ended September 30,		
2019	\$	345,257
2020		334,813
2021		334,814
2022		301,561
2023		201,805
2024-2028		240,826
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	1,759,076
Less Amount Representing Interest	_	(167,575)
Present Value of Lease Payments	\$	1,591,501

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities
Asset:		
Machinery & Equipment	\$	2,298,973
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		529,836
NET	\$_	1,769,137

Operating Leases

Commitments under operating (non-capitalized) lease agreements for equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of September 30, 2018, as follows:

Year Ended September 30		
2019	\$	183,992
2020		130,633
2021		112,899
2022		58,151
2023	_	23,243
Total Minimum Rentals	\$_	137,905
	_	
Rental Expenditures in Fiscal Year 2018	\$_	173,996
	_	

3.H. CLAIMS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and/or state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is currently involved in one pending litigation suit and is subject to other various litigation and claims arising out of the normal course of operations. Although the outcome of this claim is not presently determinable, in the opinion County management, the resolution of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position. Therefore, no provision for any liability, if any, has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

3.I. RISK MANAGEMENT

Gillespie County is exposed to various risks of loss relating to general liability, the accidental loss of real and personal property, damage to County assets, error and omissions and personnel risks which relate to workers' compensation.

The County contracted with USI Southwest, Inc. to provide the aforementioned types of insurance coverage through OneBeacon Insurance Group, LLC.

Gillespie County also provides a Blanket Accident Insurance Policy for Emergency Service Organizations covering the Gillespie County Rural Volunteer Departments; a property and liability insurance policy covering Gillespie County Rural Schools; a liability policy covering the Gillespie County Airport; and a Crime Policy through commercial insurance carriers.

3.J. HEALTH INSURANCE

The County provides group medical and basic life insurance coverage for full-time employees through the Texas Association of Counties (TAC). The county pays the premiums for these eligible employees. Employees, at their options, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay premiums for eligible family members or for other supplemental coverage.

3. K. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

A description of the pension plan pursuant to Paragraph 40 of GASB Statement No. 68 is as follows:

- a. Gillespie County participates in the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
 - 1) All full-and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.
 - 2) The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits.
 - 3) TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the county's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCDRS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 225%) and is then converted to an annuity.
 - 4) There are no automatic COLAs. Each year, the county may elect an ad hoc COLA for its retirees (if any). There are two COLA types, each limited by actual inflation.
 - 5) Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. They may be amended as of January 1 each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. The county's contribution rate is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, although the employer may elect to contribute at a higher rate. The Gillespie County contribution rate is based on the TCDRS funding policy adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees and must conform with the TCDRS Act. The employee contribution rates are set by the county and are currently 7%. Contributions to the pension plan from the county for 2017 are shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions.
- e. The most recent comprehensive annual financial report for TCDRS can be found at the following link, www.tcdrs.org.

Members covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	84
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	85
Active employees	156
	325

Contributions

TCDRS is a model for responsible, disciplined funding. TCDRS does not receive any state funding. As an agent, multiple-employer plan, each participating employer in the system funds its plan independently. A combination of three elements fund each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is 4%, 5%, 6% or 7% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Pursuant to state law, employers participating in the system must pay 100% of their actuarially determined required contributions on an annual basis.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2017 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$1,089,323, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two

years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (1)

Amortization Method

Recognition of

Recognition of

Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Economic/Demographic

Gains or Losses

Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Assumptions, Changes

or Inputs

Asset Valuation Method

Smooth Period

5 years

Recognition Method

Non-asymptotic

Corridor

None

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of

service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and .5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on

average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

Investment Rate of Return 8.10%

Cost of Living
Adjustments

Cost-of-Living Adjustments for Gillespie County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-

of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for

future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

Retirement Age Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of:

a) age 60; b) earliest retirement eligibility.

Turnover New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar

entry ages.

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Tables

(1) Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2018 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016 for more details.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (2)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation) (2)
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.55%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (3)	16.00%	7.55%
Global Equities	MSCI World (Net) Index	1.50%	4.85%
International Equities – Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (Net)	11.00%	4.55%
International Equities – Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (Net) Index	8.00%	5.55%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.75%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	8.00%	4.12%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.00%	8.06%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (4)	2.00%	6.30%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NA REIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.05%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.00%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (5)	6.00%	6.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	18.00%	4.10%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2018 TCDRS Board meeting

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pensions plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.95%, per Cliffwater's 2018 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006 - present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005 - present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage year 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

	_		In	crease/(Decrease)	
Changes in Net Pension	_	Total Pension		Fiduciary	Net Pension
Liability / (Asset)		Liability		Net Position	Liability/(Asset)
	_	(a)		(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of December 31, 2016	\$	26,389,982	\$	24,434,133	\$ 1,955,849
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost		899,249			899,249
Interest on Total Pension Liability (1)		2,167,752			2,167,752
Effect of Plan Changes (2)		-			-
Effects of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses		46,679			46,679
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		253,577			253,577
Refund of Contributions		(42,187)		(42,187)	•
Benefit Payments		(1,032,457)		(1,032,457)	-
Administrative Expenses				(18,916)	18,916
Member Contributions				484,648	(484,648)
Net Investment Income				3,573,745	(3,573,745)
Employer Contributions				1,038,533	(1,038,533)
Other (3)	_		_	5,833	(5,833)
Balances as of December 31, 2017	\$_	28,682,594	\$_	28,443,332	\$ 239,262

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the county/district, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the Gillespie County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
	_	7.10%		8.10%		9.10%
Total Pension Liability	\$	32,202,748	\$	28,682,594	\$	25,683,593
Fiduciary Net Position		28,443,332	_	28,443,332	_	28,443,332
Net Pension	\$_	3,759,416	\$_	239,262	\$_	(2,759,739)

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Pension Expense / (Income)

January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017 Prepaid Expense/(Income) Service Cost \$ 899,249 Interest on Total Pension Liability (1) 2,167,752 Effect of Plan Changes Administrative Expenses 18,916 Member Contributions (484,648)Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses (1,996,457)Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources Recognition of Economic/Demographic Cains or Losses 11,203 Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs 110,965 Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses 164,161 Other (2) (5,833)Pension Expense/(Income) 885,307

As of December 31, 2017, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 240,824	\$ 37,344
Changes of assumptions	-	263,111
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	327,380	-
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date ⁽³⁾	N/A	797,613

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ 155,617
53,512
(221,471)
(255,406)
-
-
. \$

⁽³⁾ Any eligible employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end should be reflected as outlined in Appendix D of this report.

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

3.L. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

Retired County employees and their dependents are eligible to elect continued coverage under the County's healthcare program upon retirement if they were carrying the healthcare coverage at the time of their retirement and they have at least 8 years of continuous service upon retirement with the County. The County currently contributes 50% (or up to \$100/month) of the premium charged for such benefits for qualifying retirees. The County does not contribute any amount for continued dependent coverage. The Commissioners' Court, as the governing body of the County, approves such Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) on a year-to-year basis during the annual budget process and has not created a constitutionally valid obligation for OPEB beyond fiscal year 2019. As of September 30, 2018, there are 19 retirees who qualify for the \$100/month OPEB benefit. The cost of OPEB for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$21,500 and the amount projected to be incurred in the year ending September 30, 2019 is \$22,800.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 (Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions) establishes accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. For purposes of projecting benefit payments, this Statement carries forward from Statement 45 a requirement to consider the established pattern of sharing benefit-related costs with benefit recipients. Since the Commissioners' Court (governing body of the County) approves the other postemployment benefit (OPEB) on a year to year basis during the annual budget process and has not created a constitutionally valid obligation beyond the current budget period, the provisions of GASB No. 75 do not apply for recognition of the total OPEB liability, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and total OPEB expense.

3.M. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers all its employees deferred compensation programs through Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. and the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC). The plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457(B), permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County, subject only to the claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

The County has no liability for losses under the plan, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The County believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

At September 30, 2018, the participant balances were \$159,598 in Nationwide and \$46,248 in VALIC.

3.O. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through February 28, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. The County is not aware of any subsequent events that materially impact the financial statements.



GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Rudgeted	Amo	nunts	Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
 	Allic	Final	(GA	AP BASIS)		sitive or egative)
\$	\$		\$		\$	(108,827)
						257,129
						124,077
						36,194
				•		29,162
						(138,977)
						339,167
•				-		28,328
						219,707
•						2,014
 30,000		30,000		220,153		190,153
 16,747,106		16,747,111		17,725,238		978,127
1,705,299		1,705,299		1,546,202		159,097
						990,459
						604,181
						1,383,27
						218,783
						36,893
372,496		372,916		352,950		19,960
19,329,465		19,329,885		15,917,229		3,412,656
 (2,582,359)		(2,582,774)		1,808,009		4,390,783
-		-		1.128		1,128
-		-				6,000
-		-				17,910
(3,008,000)		(3,008,000)		(2,900,000)		108,000
 (3,008,000)		(3,008,000)		(2,874,962)		133,038
(5,590,359)		(5,590,774)		(1,066,953)		4,523,821
14,684,830		14,684,830		14,684,830		, - , - ,
\$ 9,094,471	\$	9,094,056	\$	13,617,877	\$	4,523,821
\$	\$ 12,180,052 2,358,576 66,000 70,000 30,000 472,308 1,351,750 60,500 40,000 87,920 30,000 16,747,106 1,705,299 6,632,838 7,651,833 1,595,380 1,019,093 352,526 372,496 19,329,465 (2,582,359) (3,008,000) (3,008,000) (5,590,359) 14,684,830	S 12,180,052 \$ 2,358,576 66,000 70,000 30,000 472,308 1,351,750 60,500 40,000 87,920 30,000 16,747,106 1,705,299 6,632,838 7,651,833 1,595,380 1,019,093 352,526 372,496 19,329,465 (2,582,359) (3,008,000) (3,008,000) (5,590,359) 14,684,830	\$ 12,180,052 \$ 12,180,052 2,358,576	Sample S	Budgeted Amounts	Budgeted Amounts GAAP BASIS Final

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

						Actual		iance With
		Budgeted A	Amou	mounts		GAAP BASIS		al Budget ositive or
	EVES: Exes: Property Taxes Other Taxes Penalty and Interest on Taxes Censes and Permits Discussion of the Revenues DITURES: Pad and Bridge Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Itele of Real and Personal Property	Original Final			(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
	\$	2,150,303	\$	2,150,303	\$	2,130,209	\$	(20,094)
				-		655		655
		10,000		10,000		18,739		8,739
		645,000		645,000		721,275		76,275
Fines		151,500		151,500		207,626		56,126
		6,225		6,225		53,534		47,309
Other Revenue		1,200		1,200		12,358		11,158
Total Revenues		2,964,228		2,964,228		3,144,396		180,168
EXPENDITURES:								
Road and Bridge		4,617,920		4,617,500		3,760,400		857,100
Total Expenditures		4,617,920		4,617,500		3,760,400		857,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,653,692)		(1,653,272)		(616,004)		1,037,268
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of Real and Personal Property		-		-		87,638		87,638
Proceeds from Capital Leases		860,400		860,400		817,515		(42,885)
Transfers In		3,042,000		3,042,000		-		(3,042,000)
Transfers Out (Use)		(3,042,000)		(3,042,000)		•		3,042,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		860,400		860,400		905,153		44,753
Change in Fund Balance		(793,292)		(792,872)		289,149		1,082,021
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		1,979,506		1,979,506		1,979,506		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	1,186,214	\$	1,186,634	\$	2,268,655	\$	1,082,021

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Pla	FY 2018 an Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
A. Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$	899,249 \$	896,841	785,760	632,865
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		2,167,752	2,012,203	1,858,411	1,670,406
Changes of Benefit Terms		-0-	-0-	15,653	112,591
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		253,577	(447,913)	(67,466)	522,846
Changes of Assumptions		46,679	-0-	240,999	-0-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,074,644)	(928,859)	(800,297)	(727,591)
A. Total Pension Liability					
Net change in Total Pension Liability	\$	2,292,612	1,532,272	2,033,060	2,211,117
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		26,389,982	24,857,710	22,824,650	20,613,533
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	28,682,594	26,389,982	24,857,710	\$ 22,824,650
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,038,533 \$	997,228 5	883,020	\$ 795,145
Contriubtions - Employee		484,648	465,375	412,076	371,068
Net Investment Income		3,573,745	1,662,016	(112,177)	1,373,943
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,074,644)	(928,859)	(800,297)	(727,591)
Administrative Expense		(18,916)	(18,103)	(16,042)	(16,254)
Other		5,833	(204,441)	50,041	134,709
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position					
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	4,009,199	1,973,216	416,620	\$ 1,931,018
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		24,434,133	22,460,917	22,044,297	20,113,278
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	28,443,332 \$	24,434,133	22,460,917	\$ 22,044,296
C. Net Pension Liability	\$	239,262 \$	1,955,849	2,396,793	\$ 780,353
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		99.17%	92.59%	90.36%	96.58%
E. Covered Payroll	\$	6,923,537 \$	6,648,208 5	5,886,800	\$ 5,300,965
F. Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.46%	29.42%	40.71%	14.72%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 46, a and b requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

Note: Only four years of data are presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

GILLESPIE COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Year Ending December 31	Actuarially Determined Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Actual Employer Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2008	389,634	440,831	(51,196)	3,988,068	11.10%
2009	456,597	459,221	(2,624)	4,373,531	10.50%
2010	521,389	701,420	(180,031)	4,676,134	15.00%
2011	500,172	720,021	(219,848)	4,800,119	15.00%
2012	517,139	735,268	(218,129)	4,901,795	15.00%
2013	525,243	737,012	(211,769)	4,913,407	15.00%
2014	571,974	795,145	(223,171)	5,300,965	15.00%
2015	664,031	883,020	(218,989)	5,886,800	15.00%
2016	771,192	997,228	(226,036)	6,648,208	15.00%
2017	769,205	1,038,533	(269,328)	6,923,537	15.00%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

GILLESPIE COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

2.8 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2017 valuation) Remaining Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for

recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of

the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with

110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of

Employer Contributions*

2015: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was

increased to 200%.

2016: Employer contributions reflect that the current service matching rate was

increased to 225%.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

^{*} Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		11		20 Law		21 iteral		24 Probate
		ants	L	ibrary	R	oad		Training
	F	und		Fund	F	und		Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	4,496	\$	25	\$	41,347
Accounts Receivable (Net)		-		3,958		-		783
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	8,454	\$	25	\$	42,130
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	2,602	\$	_	\$	_
Wages and Salaries Payable		-	•	-	•	_	•	-
Due to Other Funds		-		_		-		-
Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		_		2,602		-	_	-
FUND BALANCES								
Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		5,852		25		42,130
Total Fund Balances	***	-		5,852		25		42,130
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	8,454	\$	25	\$	42,130

	25		28		29		30	31		32		34		35	
(Court	C	ounty	Co	unty Clerk		Sheriff		Justice	C	ourthouse		District	C	ounty &
	eporter	R	ecords		Records		Seizure	Co	ourthouse		Security	Cle	rk Records	Di	strict Crt
Serv	rice Fund	Man	agement	Ma	anagement		Fund	Sec	urity Fund		Fund	Ma	nagement	Tec	chnology
\$	1,962	\$	37,668	\$	159,802	\$	37,535	\$	5,624	\$	51,270	\$	12,048	\$	28,047
	1,096		2,355		13,074		-		312		3,121		431		944
\$	3,058	\$	40,023	\$	172,876	<u>\$</u>	37,535	\$	5,936	<u>\$</u>	54,391	\$	12,479	\$	28,991
\$	50	\$	-	\$	31,304	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		507		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-				-		-		_		-				-
	50		-		31,811	_	-		-	_	-		-		
	3,008		40,023		141,065		37,535		5,936		54,391		12,479		28,991
	3,008		40,023	_	141,065		37,535		5,936		54,391		12,479		28,991
\$	3,058	\$	40,023	\$	172,876	\$	37,535	\$	5,936	\$	54,391	\$	12,479	\$	28,991

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		36		37		51		54
		Hotel		Pretrial	Ju	stice Court	ı	Pioneer
		ccupancy	In	tervention	Te	echnology		lemorial
	1	Tax Fund		Fund		Fund	Lib	rary Gran
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	755,192	\$	147,026	\$	138,064	\$	
Accounts Receivable (Net)		-		-		1,353		
Total Assets	\$	755,192	\$	147,026	\$	139,417	\$	
LIABILITIES					-			
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Wages and Salaries Payable		-		-		-		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		
Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities				-		-		
FUND BALANCES								
Other Restricted Fund Balance		755,192		147,026		139,417		
Total Fund Balances	_	755,192		147,026	_	139,417		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	755,192	\$	147,026	\$	139,417	\$	

	72		78		81		93	-	Total	,	Total
	Airport	1	LEOSE	Ta	x Assessor		Sheriff	1	Vonmajor	ì	Vonmajor
O	perations	7	Training		MVI		bandoned		Special	Go	vernmental
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Vehicles	Re	venue Funds		Funds
\$	37,642	\$	21,598	\$	107	\$	1,236	\$	1,480,689	\$	1,480,689
	-		-		-		-		27,427		27,427
\$	37,642	\$	21,598	\$	107	<u>\$</u>	1,236	\$	1,508,116	\$	1,508,116
\$	9,939	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,895	\$	43,895
	3,114		-		-		-		3,621		3,621
	10		-		-		-		10		10
	8,721		-		-		-		8,721		8,721
	21,784			_	-			_	56,247	_	56,247
	15,858		21,598		107		1,236		1,451,869		1,451,869
	15,858		21,598		107		1,236	_	1,451,869		1,451,869
\$	37,642	\$	21,598	\$	107	\$	1,236	\$	1,508,116	\$	1,508,116

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	11 Grants Fund		20 Law Library Fund	21 Lateral Road Fund	24 Probate Training Fund
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Other Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		-	-	26,633	
Charges for Services		-	17,474	· -	3,838
Fines		-	•	-	-
Forfeits		-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings		_	-	-	-
Rents and Royalties		-	-	-	-
Other Revenue		-	-	-	1,575
Total Revenues		_	17,474	26,633	5,413
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Judicial			17,319		
General Administration		_	17,319	-	263
Public Safety		_	-	-	203
Road and Bridge		_	_	26,633	-
Public Facilities		_	-	20,033	-
Total Expenditures	-	<u>-</u>	17,319	26,633	263
•		_			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	155	-	5,150
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers In		_	-	_	_
Transfers Out (Use)		-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		_	155		5,150
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		<u>-</u>	5,697	25	36,980
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	- =	\$ 5,852	\$ 25	\$ 42,130

R	25 Court eporter vice Fund	28 County Records Management	29 County Clerk Records Management	30 Sheriff Seizure Fund	31 Justice Courthouse Security Fund	32 Courthouse Security Fund	34 District Clerk Records Management	35 County & District Crt Technology
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	4,265	10,899	77,555	-	-	17,607	1,776	4,119
	-	-	-	-	1,998	-	-	-
	-	-	-	16,686 558	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	336	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
	4,265	10,899	77,555	17,244	1,998	17,607	1,776	4,119
	1,842	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	17,101	66,929	-	5,780	-	-	-
	-	-	-	22,425	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1,842	17,101	66,929	22,425	5,780		-	
	2,423	(6,202)	10,626	(5,181)	(3,782)	17,607	1,776	4,119
	-	-	-	(6,000)	-	-	-	-
		<u>-</u>		(6,000)	-	-		-
				(0,000)				
	2,423	(6,202)	10,626	(11,181)	(3,782)	17,607	1,776	4,119
	585	46,225	130,439	48,716	9,718	36,784	10,703	24,872
\$	3,008	\$ 40,023	\$ 141,065	\$ 37,535	\$ 5,936	\$ 54,391	\$ 12,479	\$ 28,991

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	36 Hotel ccupancy ax Fund	Pr Inter	37 etrial vention und	5 l Justice Court Technology Fund	54 Pioneer Memorial Library Grant
REVENUES:					
Taxes: Other Taxes Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services Fines	\$ 557,412 - - -	\$	10,500	\$ - 8,258	\$
Forfeits Investment Earnings Rents and Royalties Other Revenue	 10,473		- - -	- - -	
Total Revenues	 571,908		10,500	8,258	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General Government: Judicial General Administration Public Safety Road and Bridge Public Facilities	- 500,671 - -		- - -	- - - -	
Total Expenditures	 500,671			_	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 71,237		10,500	8,258	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)	-		-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	71,237		10,500	8,258	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	 683,955		136,526	131,159	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 755,192	\$	147,026	\$ 139,417	\$

72	78	81	93	Total	Total
Airport	LEOSE	Tax Assessor	Sheriff	Nonmajor	Nonmajor
Operations	Training	ΜVΙ	Abandoned	Special	Governmental
Fund	Fund	Fund	Vehicles	Revenue Funds	Funds
\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 557,412	\$ 557,412
42,89	1 4,655	-	-	74,179	74,179
		-	-	156,291	156,291
		-	-	1,998	1,998
2.00	-	-	-	16,686	16,686
2,866		-	20	13,917	13,917
185,563		-	-	185,563	185,563
21,027				26,625	26,625
252,347	7 4,655	-	20	1,032,671	1,032,671
٠.		-	-	19,161	19,161
		-	-	590,744	590,744
	- 3,951	-	-	26,376	26,376
	-	-	-	26,633	26,633
883,438		-		883,438	883,438
883,438	3,951	-		1,546,352	1,546,352
(631,091)	704	-	20	(513,681)	(513,681)
100,000) -	-	-	100,000	100,000
	<u> </u>		-	(6,000)	(6,000)
100,000		-	-	94,000	94,000
(531,091)	704	-	20	(419,681)	(419,681)
546,949	20,894	107	1,216	1,871,550	1,871,550
\$ 15,858	\$ 21,598	\$ 107	\$ 1,236	\$ 1,451,869	\$ 1,451,869

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		ALANCE CTOBER 1 2017	A	DDITIONS	DE	EDUCTIONS		ALANCE FEMBER 30 2018
STATE COURT COSTS, FEES, FINES								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Receivables	\$	68,043 21,774	\$	31,170 52,987	\$	68,043 21,774	\$	31,170 52,98
Total Assets	\$	89,817	\$	84,157	\$	89,817	\$	84,15
Liabilities: Due to Other Governments	\$	89,817	\$	84,157	\$	89,817	\$	84,15
WASTE WATER (STATE FEE) Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	970	\$	1,070	\$	970	\$	1,070
Liabilities: Due to Other Governments	\$	970	\$	1,070	\$	970	\$	1,070
APPELLATE JUDICIAL SYSTEM Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,594	r	784	c	1.504	c	70
Other Receivables	Ð	280	Þ	784 565	Э	1,594 280	\$	78- 56
Total Assets	\$	1,874	\$	1,349	\$	1,874	\$	1,34
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$	1,874	\$	1,349	\$	1,874	\$	1,34
OFFICIAL FEE ACCOUNTS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,081,388	\$	15,904,957	\$	15,556,898	\$	1,429,44
Liabilities: Due to Other Governments Due to Others	\$	304,843 776,545	\$	15,026,903 878,054	\$	14,757,402 799,496	\$	574,344 855,10
Total Liabilities	\$	1,081,388	\$	15,904,957	\$	15,556,898	\$	1,429,44
UNCLAIMED MONEY FUND Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	57,076	\$	33,249	\$	57,076	\$	33,24
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$	57,076	\$	33,249	\$	57,076	\$	33,249
			===		_		_	

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	_	BALANCE CTOBER 1 2017	A	DDITIONS	DE	EDUCTIONS	_	ALANCE TEMBER 30 2018
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Receivables	\$	1,209,071 22,054	\$	15,971,230 53,552	\$	15,684,581 22,054	\$	1,495,720 53,552
Total Assets	\$	1,231,125	\$	16,024,782	\$	15,706,635	\$	1,549,272
Liabilities: Due to Other Governments Due to Others	\$	395,630 835,495	\$	15,112,130 912,652	\$	14,848,189 858,446	\$	659,571 889,701
Total Liabilities	\$	1,231,125	\$	16,024,782	\$	15,706,635	\$	1,549,272

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Co Attorney Hot Check Fund		Alternative Dispute Resolution	McDermott Building (Library)		Breiten Fund (PML)	
ASSETS				-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1	16,677	\$ 250	\$	113,196	\$	187,977
Accounts Receivable (Net)		-	1,386		-		-
Total Assets	1	16,677	1,636		113,196		187,977
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		8,220	1,636		-		-
Total Liabilities		8,220	1,636				-
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted Net Position		8,457	-		113,196		187,977
Total Net Position	\$	8,457	\$ -	\$	113,196	\$	187,977

Light Up	Total Private						
the Block							
Fund		Purpose Trust Funds					
\$	-	\$	318,100				
	-		1,386				
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	319,486				
\$	-	\$	9,856				
\$	<u>:</u>	\$	9,856				
	-		309,630				
\$	_	\$	309,630				

GILLESPIE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Data Control Codes		Co Attorney Hot Check Fund		Alternative Dispute Resolution		McDermott Building (Library)		Breiten Fund (PML)	
ADDITIONS:						-			
Charges for Services Investment Earnings	\$	2,735 -	\$	6,687 -	\$	- 1,802	\$	- 3,026	
Total Additions		2,735		6,687		1,802		3,026	
DEDUCTIONS:									
Other Operating Costs		170		-		9,242		3,560	
Books		<u>-</u>				-		5,440	
Total Deductions		170				9,242		9,000	
Change in Net Position		2,565		6,687		(7,440)		(5,974)	
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)		5,892		2,555		111,394		193,951	
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$	8,457	\$	9,242	\$	103,954	\$	187,977	

		Total				
Light Up	Light Up					
the Block		Purpose				
Fund		Trust Funds				
\$	-	\$	9,422			
	-		4,828			
	_		14,250			
	_					
	-		12,972			
	-		5,440			
	-		18,412			
	-		(4,162)			
	<u>-</u>		313,792			
\$	_	\$	309,630			

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

P.O. BOX 874 · 736 S. WASHINGTON ST. FREDERICKSBURG, TEXAS 78624-0874

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Gillespie County, Texas Fredericksburg, TX 78624

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gillespie County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Gillespie County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

NUJUNDY + Knopp, P.C.
NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas

February 28, 2019

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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February 28, 2019

Honorable Judge and Commissioners County of Gillespie, Texas Fredericksburg, TX 78624

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gillespie County, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2018. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated November 15, 2018. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Gillespie County, Texas are described in Note I to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2018. We noted no transactions entered into by Gillespie County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no significant accounting estimates.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 28, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management Discussion and Analysis; Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund; Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Road and Bridge Fund; Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratio and Schedule of Employer Contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds; Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds; Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – All Agency Funds; Combining Statement of Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds; and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restrictions on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Commissioner's Court and management of the County of Gillespie and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Comments and Recommendations

Outstanding Checks

Several old outstanding checks are being carried on the bank reconciliations on several of the officials' accounts. We recommend that the checks be researched for proper disposition (cleared or re-issued).

Recording TxDOT Grants in General Ledger

The County participated in an airport project with TxDOT. The grant revenues and expenditures were not recorded in the general ledger. Although the County did not receive the fund and pay invoices under this agreement, the County should record the amounts in the general ledger.

We appreciate the cooperation of the County Auditor's office and the various officials and employees of the County. Sincerely,

Neffenderf & Knopp, P.C. NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas

February 28, 2019